



# 영 어

고등학교 2학년

( ) 반 ( ) 번 이름 ( )

1. 문제지는 8면이 모두 있는지 확인하십시오.
2. 선다형 문항의 답안은 컴퓨터용 수성 사인펜을 사용하여 OMR 답안지에 바르게 표기하십시오.
3. 서답형 문항의 답안은 OMR 답안지 뒷면의 서답형 답란에 쓰시오. 서답형 문항의 답안은 연필이나 펜으로 작성해도 됩니다.

선다형 1번~15번과 서답형 1번~3번 문제는 듣고 푸는 문제입니다. 녹음 내용을 잘 듣고 물음에 답하기 바랍니다. 내용은 한 번만 들려줍니다.

1. 대화를 듣고, 마지막에 여자가 느끼는 심정으로 가장 알맞은 것을 고르시오.

- ① bored                      ② excited                      ③ satisfied  
④ delighted                  ⑤ disappointed

2. 대화를 듣고, 두 사람이 대화하고 있는 장소로 가장 알맞은 것을 고르시오.

- ① 미용실                      ② 방송국                      ③ 민속촌  
④ 관광 안내소              ⑤ 공영 주차장

3. 다음을 듣고, Easy Cooker에 관한 내용과 일치하지 않는 것을 고르시오.

- ① 새로 출시된 요리 기구이다.  
② 뚜껑과 솔으로 이루어져 있다.  
③ 요리 후 세척하기 쉽다.  
④ 기존 솔보다 에너지 비용이 70%까지 절약된다.  
⑤ 59달러에 구입할 수 있다.

4. 다음을 듣고, 여자가 하는 말의 목적으로 가장 알맞은 것을 고르시오.

- ① 과일 축제를 홍보하려고  
② 지역 농산물 소비를 권장하려고  
③ 과일 직거래 장터를 광고하려고  
④ 과일을 오래 저장하는 방법을 알려 주려고  
⑤ 달고 맛있는 과일을 고르는 방법을 알려 주려고

5. 대화를 듣고, 남자가 여자에게 부탁하는 것으로 가장 알맞은 것을 고르시오.

- ① 남자의 부모님께 안부 전화 걸기  
② 남자의 책을 우편으로 보내 주기  
③ 남자의 소포를 대신 받아 주기  
④ 남자를 공항까지 태워 주기  
⑤ 남자의 가방을 보관해 주기

6. 다음을 듣고, Jenny가 주장하는 내용으로 가장 알맞은 것을 고르시오.

- ① 환경 보호 단체에 가입해야 한다.  
② 멸종 위기의 물고기를 보호해야 한다.  
③ 유독성 화학 물질 사용을 규제해야 한다.  
④ 오존층 파괴로 인하여 외출을 삼가야 한다.  
⑤ 어른들이 환경 보호에 모범을 보여야 한다.

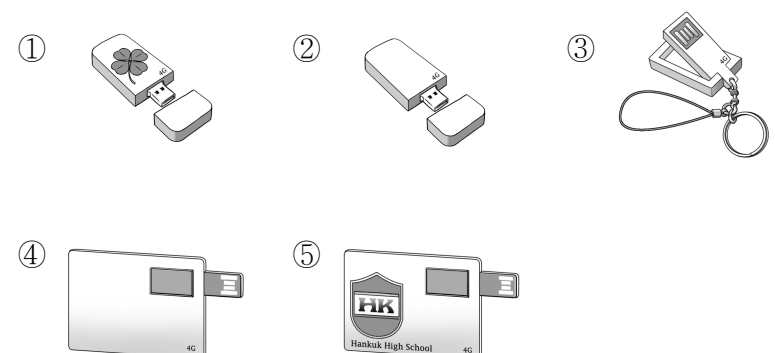
7. 대화를 듣고, 두 사람의 관계로 가장 알맞은 것을 고르시오.

- ① 점원-고객                      ② 약사-환자  
③ 경찰-목격자                  ④ 경비원-방문객  
⑤ 간호사-헌혈자

8. 대화를 듣고, 남자가 여자에게 제안한 것을 고르시오.

- ① 친구의 학교를 방문하기  
② 친구에게 이메일 보내기  
③ 대학 지원서를 수정하기  
④ 지원한 대학에 합격 여부 확인하기  
⑤ 지원 가능한 대학에 대한 정보 찾기

9. 대화를 듣고, 여자가 구입하기로 결정한 USB를 고르시오.



10. 대화를 듣고, 두 사람이 선택한 하이킹 프로그램을 고르시오.

One-day Hiking Programs				
	Program	Day	Mountain	Lunch
①	A	Saturday	Mt. Seorak	No
②	B	Saturday	Mt. Jiri	Yes
③	C	Sunday	Mt. Jiri	No
④	D	Sunday	Mt. Seorak	No
⑤	E	Sunday	Mt. Seorak	Yes

11. 대화를 듣고, 남자가 지불한 총액을 고르시오.

- ① \$10    ② \$20    ③ \$30    ④ \$40    ⑤ \$50

12. 다음을 듣고, Eva가 남자에게 할 말로 가장 알맞은 것을 고르시오.

Eva: \_\_\_\_\_

- ① Sorry, but you can't get a discount on that.  
 ② Excuse me, but you're in my seat.  
 ③ I won't go to the opera with you.  
 ④ Please show me your ID card.  
 ⑤ I'll sit next to you.

13. 대화를 듣고, 여자의 마지막 말에 대한 남자의 응답으로 가장 알맞은 것을 고르시오.

- ① Actually, I bought the book yesterday.  
 ② Sorry, I didn't recognize you at the library.  
 ③ Of course, I've already finished the project.  
 ④ I'm sorry to hear you're going to leave the group.  
 ⑤ Thanks, but I feel more comfortable when studying alone.

14. 대화를 듣고, 남자의 마지막 말에 대한 여자의 응답으로 가장 알맞은 것을 고르시오.

- ① Yes, you can! You'd be perfect for the job!  
 ② You're right. He'll also take a music class.  
 ③ Not at all. We don't need a new leader.  
 ④ He'll do the job while you're away.  
 ⑤ I'm afraid you'll leave the school.

15. 대화를 듣고, 여자의 마지막 말에 대한 남자의 응답으로 가장 알맞은 것을 고르시오.

- ① Why not? It's your turn!  
 ② I'm sorry. I don't know how to bake bread.  
 ③ Really? I'm not sure what kind of cake they'll like.  
 ④ Good. I've already talked about it with Paul and Jessica.  
 ⑤ Sure. Where are the forks, the knives, and the tablecloth?

【서답형 1】 대화를 듣고, 빈칸에 알맞은 단어를 주어진 철자로 시작하여 쓰시오.

The man gets some advice about becoming a good  
 d \_\_\_\_\_ from the woman.

【서답형 2】 대화를 듣고, 빈칸에 알맞은 단어를 주어진 철자로 시작하여 쓰시오.

The woman is trying to find some b \_\_\_\_\_ for her  
 sister.

【서답형 3】 다음을 듣고, 아래 포스터의 빈칸 (1)과 (2)에 알맞은 단어를 주어진 철자로 시작하여 쓰시오.

## 2012 Johnstown Essay Contest

- Topic : School and (1) C \_\_\_\_\_  
 ► Submission Date : July 1<sup>st</sup> ~ July 15<sup>th</sup>

The 1st prize essay will be read  
 on (2) a \_\_\_\_\_ on the Johnstown radio station!

Any Johnstown High School Students Can Apply!!!

Contact us : 808-567-8910 / bbrown@hs.us

이제 듣기 문제가 모두 끝났습니다. 선다형 16번부터는 문제지의 지시에 따라 답하기 바랍니다.

16. 다음 글에 나타난 Michael의 심정으로 가장 알맞은 것은?

Even though he had often read poems in public, Michael had never before faced such an audience as this. The sight of it froze his energies completely. Everything was so strange, so brilliant, so confusing—the rows of ladies in evening dress, the critical faces, the whole atmosphere of wealth and culture about him. Very different was this from the plain benches at the Debating Club, filled with the homely, sympathetic faces of friends and neighbors. These people, he thought, would be merciless critics. His knees were shaking and his heart was beating wildly. Not a word could he say.

- ① lonely and bored
- ② calm and relieved
- ③ worried and nervous
- ④ confident and excited
- ⑤ impressed and moved

17. 다음 글의 빈칸에 가장 알맞은 것은?

Sydney Bernstein, managing director of a small chain of cinemas in London in the 1950s, was trying to set up a television station. In 1954, the British government held an auction for commercial television regions, so Bernstein decided to compete in the auction. Many companies analysed the demographics of the regions to identify which were the wealthiest regions that would produce the most advertising revenues. The result was that they focused on London and the South-East of England. Bernstein, on the other hand, told his people, “Don’t look for the richest region; look for the \_\_\_\_\_.” This turned out to be the North-West of England. Bernstein bid for this region and won it. His idea was that it was better to have a region where it rained so much that people stayed in and watched TV. He succeeded by approaching the problem from a different point of view.

\* demographics : 인구 통계

- ① oldest                      ② highest                      ③ poorest
- ④ largest                      ⑤ wettest

18. 다음 글의 빈칸에 가장 알맞은 것은?

Americans were excited about presidential elections to be held on November 2, 1948. Who would win, Harry Truman or Thomas Dewey? The odds were clearly in favor of Dewey. Most journalists felt that Dewey would win, but they didn’t make any firm prediction. One editor was absolutely certain of Dewey’s victory. So he wrote, in advance, an editorial announcing the victory of Dewey. He prepared the headline: Dewey Defeats Truman. “Should we not wait till the results are out?” said one of the editorial assistants. The editor said, “I know, Dewey will win and win big.” The first editions were printed with the headline and the editorial. The results of the elections came in. The people had voted massively in favor of Truman. The editor had egg all over his face. \_\_\_\_\_.

- ① Unity was his strength
- ② Love began at his home
- ③ The future was not his to see
- ④ Honesty was his best policy
- ⑤ Practice made him perfect

19. 다음 글의 빈칸에 가장 알맞은 것은?

Sociologists and economists study the implications of high-stakes competition in the business and entertainment worlds. They warn that the media attention and huge bonuses earned by stars keep the hope alive for millions of people who have little chance of becoming stars or making a fortune. In fact, the winner-take-all society may actually \_\_\_\_\_ open to most people. For example, regional theater, local television, and small orchestras are finding it increasingly difficult to compete with national television broadcasts, and as a result there are fewer opportunities for young actors and musicians.

\* high-stakes : 고부담의

- ① broaden job markets
- ② increase the number of theaters
- ③ decrease the range of opportunities
- ④ limit the chance to play the lottery
- ⑤ raise the quality in local TV programs

20. 다음 글의 요지로 가장 알맞은 것은?

Mark Jung-Beeman has shown that people in good moods are significantly better at solving hard problems that require insight than people who are depressed. In fact, happy people solve nearly 20 percent more word puzzles than unhappy people. Jung-Beeman thinks that this is because the brain areas associated with executive control aren't as preoccupied with managing emotional life. In other words, these brain areas aren't worrying about why you're not happy, which means they are free to solve the problem at hand. The end result is that the brain can focus on what it needs to focus on, which is coming up with a solution for the new situation that you've found yourself in.

- ① 어려운 문제를 해결하면 성취감이 고취된다.
- ② 창의적인 사고를 통해 집중력을 향상할 수 있다.
- ③ 감정 조절 능력은 지속적인 노력으로 향상될 수 있다.
- ④ 뇌 의학 분야 발전을 위해 통찰력이 뛰어난 과학자가 필요하다.
- ⑤ 행복할 때 뇌가 집중을 잘 하므로 문제 해결을 잘 할 수 있다.

21. 다음 글이 시사하는 바로 가장 알맞은 것은?

George Crooks, the CEO of a big company, once had to choose between two equally competent men for a key job. He puzzled over the choice until he remembered a long-ago incident. On a rainy night, Crooks had boarded a crowded street car. One of the men he was now considering had also been aboard, though he did not see Crooks. Then, an old woman carrying a basket of laundry struggled into the car, looking fruitlessly for a seat. The job candidate pretended not to see her and kept his seat. Crooks gave up his seat to her. Remembering this episode, Crooks decided not to hire the man on the street car.

- ① 친구를 저울질하지 마라.
- ② 매사에 자신감을 갖고 행동해라.
- ③ 사소한 행동 하나도 그 사람됨을 보여 준다.
- ④ 성공하기 위해서는 검소하게 생활해야 한다.
- ⑤ 과거에 실패했던 경험이 성공의 밑거름이 된다.

22. 다음 글에서 밑줄 친 this question이 나타내는 것으로 가장 알맞은 것은?

Many cultures have addressed this question. A Navajo legend, for example, tells the story of the Spirit Being, who created people to share the beauty of the world with all other living things. The Spirit Being then spent a summer with the people to teach them what they needed to know to survive in the earth world. They were taught how to build shelters, hunt for game, and grow crops. However, according to the legend, the Spirit Being's most important teachings were the songs and chants that would keep the people healthy and in harmony with their world. The lesson here for us is that our basic needs are not limited to food, clothing, and shelter. In fact, our needs for meaning, beauty, and balance are just as fundamental.

- ① How did people overcome hunger?
- ② What constitutes our basic needs?
- ③ What is a traditional Navajo dance like?
- ④ Why do people create myths and legends?
- ⑤ When did people start having religious ceremonies?

23. 다음 글에서 밑줄 친 부분 중, 문맥상 낱말의 쓰임이 알맞지 않은 것은?

Michelangelo claimed that his sculptures were already present in the stone, and all he had to do was cut away everything else. Our understanding of ① identity is often similar: Beneath the many layers of *shoulds* and *shouldn'ts* that cover us, there lies a constant, single, true self that is just waiting to be ② discovered. We think of the process of finding ourselves as a ③ personal exploration. We dig deep, getting under the surface, throwing away the non-essential, to ④ hide our everlasting self. And the tool with which we do it is none other than choice. Your choices of which clothes to wear, where you live, what to study, and of course your profession all say something about you, and it's your job to make sure that they are an accurate ⑤ reflection of who you really are.



24. 다음 글의 빈칸 (A)와 (B)에 가장 알맞은 것은?

In the past, patrons and collectors were the most influential people in the art market. They commissioned works of art and therefore had a say in the type of work that was produced. From the 19th century on, \_\_\_\_ (A) \_\_\_\_, art dealers gradually started to take over from patrons and collectors as the driving force behind the art market. Nowadays, finding an art dealer is the key to commercial success for an artist. In return for promoting his or her work in the dealer's own gallery, the dealer takes commission. It can be very difficult these days for an unknown artist to attract the attention of a dealer. The best way to approach one is through a contact. An influential art critic, or an artist who is already represented by the dealer, might be prepared to introduce you, if they think your work is good enough. \_\_\_\_ (B) \_\_\_\_, your chances of being noticed are slim.

\* patron : 후원자

- |   | (A)       | (B)          |
|---|-----------|--------------|
| ① | therefore | Otherwise    |
| ② | therefore | Consequently |
| ③ | however   | Likewise     |
| ④ | however   | Otherwise    |
| ⑤ | moreover  | Likewise     |

25. 다음 글의 주제로 가장 알맞은 것은?

Good learners have confidence in their ability to learn. This does not mean that they are not sometimes frustrated and discouraged. They are, even as are poor learners. But good learners have a profound faith that they are capable of solving problems, and if they fail at one problem, they don't give up when confronting another. They tend to enjoy solving problems. The process interests them, and they tend to dislike people who want to 'help' by giving them the answers. Good learners are not always fast answerers. They tend to delay their judgments until they have access to as much information as they imagine will be available.

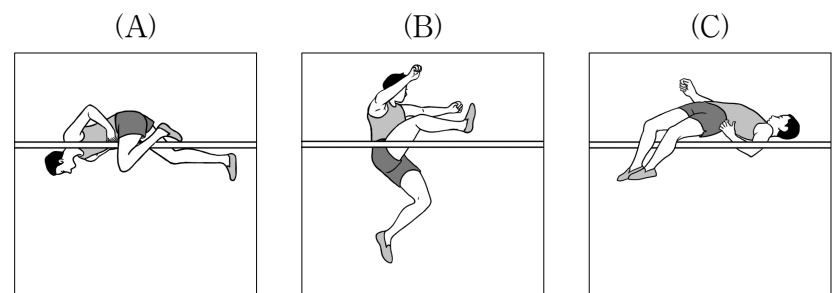
- ① roles of good learners in class
- ② ways to become a fast learner
- ③ characteristics of good learners
- ④ general procedures of problem-solving
- ⑤ differences between good and bad learning habits

26. 다음 밑줄 친 (A), (B), (C)에서 어법상 맞는 것을 고른 것은?

I have a friend who is always missing deadlines for important projects. This keeps her from getting promoted in her job, and once it even got her (A) fired / firing. One night over dinner she told me she had just been given an important assignment at work, and she was worried (B) which / that she would blow it again. She said, "I ask myself over and over, 'Why do I always wait until the last minute to start a project?'" I told her not to ask herself why until the project was completed. I suggested that she (C) ask / asked herself a different and more immediate question instead: "How can I break this project down into small, more achievable steps?" After establishing several easier goals, she can then ask herself, what steps she can take today to move forward. Little by little, the project is completed.

- |   | (A)    | (B)   | (C)   |
|---|--------|-------|-------|
| ① | fired  | which | ask   |
| ② | fired  | that  | ask   |
| ③ | fired  | that  | asked |
| ④ | firing | which | asked |
| ⑤ | firing | that  | asked |

27. 다음은 높이뛰기에 관한 그림이다. 각 그림에 해당하는 설명이 바르게 연결된 것은?



- Ⓐ The man jumps head first over the bar, twisting his body with his stomach down over the bar.
- Ⓑ The man throws his head, arms, and shoulders over the bar with his head facing up toward the sky and his back in a curved position.
- ⓒ The man throws his one leg over the bar and the other comes up in a scissor-style motion.

- |   | (A) | (B) | (C) |
|---|-----|-----|-----|
| ① | Ⓐ   | Ⓑ   | ⓒ   |
| ② | Ⓐ   | ⓒ   | Ⓑ   |
| ③ | Ⓑ   | ⓒ   | Ⓐ   |
| ④ | ⓒ   | Ⓐ   | Ⓑ   |
| ⑤ | ⓒ   | Ⓑ   | Ⓐ   |

28. 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 알맞은 것은?

When pets are prohibited in many stores, stores almost always post a notice saying that guide dogs are permitted. Neither guide dogs nor their owners can read these signs. Moreover, sighted customers have no direct need to know that guide dogs are permitted. Even so, it may be advantageous for business owners that customers know about the exception for guide dogs. Some might see a dog in the store and, not recognizing it as a guide dog, erroneously conclude that the store was loose in enforcing its no-pets policy. Others might think the exclusion of all pets unreasonable since it would be unfair to blind shoppers. The benefits are admittedly small. But the signs cost next to nothing. So it may make sense to post them if they create even minimal benefits.

- ① Dos and Don'ts of Shop Owners
- ② Where Is the Best Place to Shop?
- ③ Should Pets Be Permitted in Stores?
- ④ Why Post Signs Allowing Guide Dogs?
- ⑤ Guide Dogs: Real Friends for the Blind

29. 다음 글에서 전체 흐름과 관계 없는 문장은?

When you put your hand in a bag and touch objects you cannot see, you may say that some objects in the bag feel colder than others, and this might need some explanation. ① All the objects in the bag are, in fact, at the same temperature, but some materials carry heat away better than others. ② These will carry heat from your hand more quickly than other materials and so feel colder. ③ Looking at something gives you more information about the object, the most obvious being color. ④ Metals carry heat more quickly than wood, so metals feel colder than wood, even though the metal and the wood are at the same temperature. ⑤ We say that materials which carry heat quickly are heat conductors while those which do not are thermal insulators.

\* thermal insulator : 단열재

30. 주어진 글에 동의하는 사람만을 고른 것은?

Often a range of after-school programs are available to students in Korea. Some schools provide only subject-learning programs to help students get better grades on the college entrance exam. However, I think schools should provide students with a greater variety of specialty programs, such as acting, jazz dance, and cooking.

Minsu : I think schools are supposed to aim at improving students' academic competence. After-school programs not focusing on students' grades could keep students from concentrating on their studies.

Bora : I'd like to take a vocal training program, but my school doesn't have an after-school singing program. I think schools should have such programs for those who want to develop abilities and talents other than the programs needed for their academic careers.

Jiho : I didn't know that I was very good at soccer until I joined the soccer team. I think schools should provide students with the opportunity to find their talents through these kinds of after-school programs.

Yejin : I think schools should just offer subject-learning after-school programs. I was poor at mathematics, but after taking an after-school program, my grades improved significantly. That's why I like that program.

- ① Minsu, Bora
- ② Minsu, Yejin
- ③ Bora, Jiho
- ④ Minsu, Jiho, Yejin
- ⑤ Bora, Jiho, Yejin

31. 주어진 글 다음에 이어질 글의 순서로 가장 알맞은 것은?

Maria was the only daughter of wealthy, well-educated parents. Her mother always encouraged her to think and study and pursue a professional career.

- (A) However, he continued to support her when she became a student of science instead. She went on to medical school where she constantly struggled with the displeasure of the male medical students.
- (B) Her father, a fairly conservative man, did not like having his daughter break with the traditional expectations for women of her time. He wanted Maria to become a teacher, the only professional avenue considered appropriate to women at the time.
- (C) As time went on, Maria's scholarship earned the respect of her classmates. She specialized in pediatrics during her last two years, and in 1896 she became the first woman in Italy to graduate from medical school.

\* pediatrics : 소아과

- ① (A) - (B) - (C)                      ② (A) - (C) - (B)  
 ③ (B) - (A) - (C)                      ④ (B) - (C) - (A)  
 ⑤ (C) - (A) - (B)

32. Bob Shotwell에 관한 다음 글의 내용과 일치하는 것은?

Bob Shotwell recalled that he asked his father for a car as he was about to graduate from high school in the early 1930s. But his dad replied that if he wanted a car, he should build one. Bob collected parts and made his own car when he was 17 years old. It was a little three-wheeled car powered by a 1931 Indian motorcycle engine. He made headlines in local newspapers in the Northwest when he drove it on a 6,000-mile trip. He eventually drove 150,000 miles in it. He went on to a career as a pilot for Northwest Airlines, retiring in 1975. His little car was always an important part of his life.

- ① 1930년대 후반에 고등학교에 입학했다.  
 ② 부품을 수집하여 아버지의 자동차를 만들었다.  
 ③ 1931년에 자동차 엔진을 개발했다.  
 ④ 지역 신문의 머리기사로 실렸다.  
 ⑤ 1975년에 비행기 조종사가 되었다.

[33~34] 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.

- (A) My in-laws, Howard and Gisele Miller, both in their seventies, were stuck. They had just emerged from the Washington, D.C., subway system into a driving snowstorm. They were coming to our house for dinner and needed to catch a cab because it was too far to walk. But it was rush hour, and no cabs stopped.
- (B) This favorite family story perfectly illustrates the sort of keen creativity that the aging mind can produce. Would a younger person have thought of this solution? Possibly. Creativity knows no age limits. But in my experience, this kind of out-of-the-box thinking is a learned characteristic that improves with \_\_\_\_\_.
- (C) Howard tried calling to us to get a lift, but my wife and I were both tied up in traffic and weren't home yet. As his fingers began to freeze from the cold, Howard noticed the steamy windows of a pizza shop across the street. He and Gisele entered the shop, stepped up to the counter, and ordered a large pizza for delivery.
- (D) When the cashier asked where to deliver it, Howard gave him our address, and added, "Oh, there's one more thing." "What's that?" the cashier asked. "We want you to deliver us with it," Howard said. And that's how they arrived, pizza in hand, for dinner that night.

33. 위 글 (A)에 이어질 내용을 순서대로 가장 알맞게 배열한 것은?

- ① (B) - (D) - (C)                      ② (C) - (B) - (D)  
 ③ (C) - (D) - (B)                      ④ (D) - (B) - (C)  
 ⑤ (D) - (C) - (B)

34. 위 글의 빈칸에 가장 알맞은 것은?

- ① age                                      ② love                                      ③ diet  
 ④ tradition                                      ⑤ relationship

【서답형 4】 다음 대화문을 읽고, 두 빈칸에 각각 알맞은 영어 단어를 쓰시오.

W: What do you want to do this summer?  
M: I want to learn how to play badminton.  
W: That sounds great.  
M: Why don't you learn with me?  
W: Good idea. How should we start? Should we take group lessons?  
M: Wait a minute. I heard that Shelly is really good at playing badminton.  
W: You mean the girl with long hair who doesn't talk very much?  
M: Right. \_\_\_\_\_ asking Shelly to teach us?  
W: Well, maybe. Could you ask her about it?  
M: Sure. I'll see her in class tomorrow. I'll ask her then.

【서답형 5】 다음 글을 읽고, 필자가 주장하는 내용이 되도록 빈칸 (1)과 (2)에 알맞은 단어를 본문에서 찾아 주어진 철자로 시작하여 쓰시오.

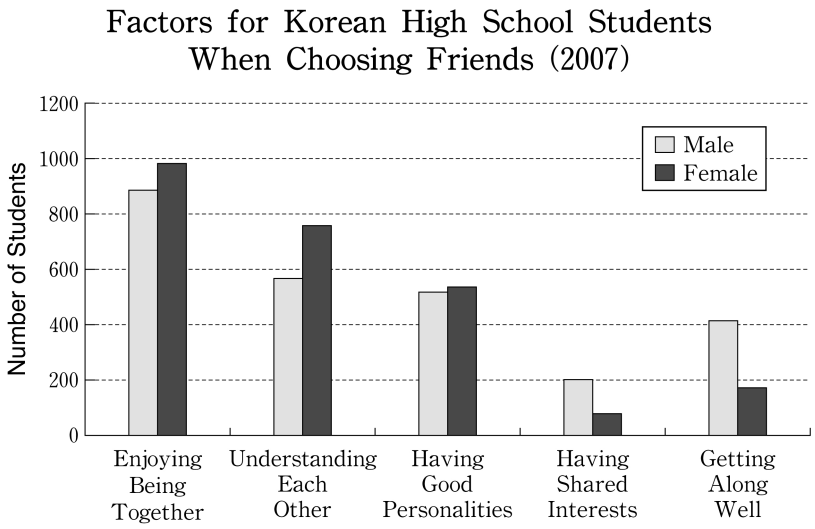
Nutrients such as protein, fats, minerals, and vitamins are what keep the body working. For teenagers, these nutrients are particularly important. Without adequate amounts of all these nutrients, you are not giving your body everything it needs at what is a critical stage in your normal physical and mental growth. This is considered a time of major bone and muscle growth, and it's the time when the sexual organs are developing to maturity. A lack of proper nutrients can affect all of these things. In fact, inadequate amounts of nutrients can negatively impact every body process, your overall physical performance, even your mental functioning. Thus, teenagers should be more careful of the food they eat.

\* maturity : 성숙



Because teenagers are at a (1) c \_\_\_\_\_ phase of their physical and mental growth, they should take in appropriate (2) n \_\_\_\_\_.

【서답형 6】 다음 도표를 참조하여 글을 읽고, 빈칸 (1)과 (2)에 알맞은 단어를 각각 영어로 쓰시오.



The graph above from 2007 shows the factors Korean high school students consider when choosing friends. Enjoying Being Together is shown to be the most important factor for both males and females. Having Shared Interests and Getting Along Well are chosen (1) \_\_\_\_\_ by males than by females. The biggest gap between the two genders can be seen in Getting Along Well. Interestingly, (2) \_\_\_\_\_ is almost equally important for both males and females, more so than all the others. Having Shared Interests is considered the least important for both males and females.

2012년 국가수준 학업성취도 평가

# 정답표

고등학교 영어

문항 번호	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
정답	⑤	④	②	⑤	②	⑤	⑤	④	③	⑤
문항 번호	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
정답	②	②	⑤	①	⑤	③	⑤	③	③	⑤
문항 번호	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
정답	③	②	④	④	③	②	②	④	③	③
문항 번호	31	32	33	34						
정답	③	④	③	①						

문항 번호	예시 정답
서답형 1	dancer
서답형 2	books
서답형 3	(1) Creativity (2) air
서답형 4	How about, What about
서답형 5	(1) critical (2) nutrients
서답형 6	(1) more (2) Having Good Personalities