

Vocabulary Master

반: 번호: 이름:

A 다음 표현의 우리말 뜻을 쓰시오.

interaction	_____	throughout	_____	literal	_____
function	_____	respectively	_____	go over	_____
aware of	_____	draw attention	_____	be related to	_____
existence	_____	translate	_____	means	_____
unique	_____	recognize	_____	count on	_____
by nature	_____	exist	_____	communicate	_____
inherent	_____	serve as	_____	play a role	_____
reflect	_____	relationship	_____	formation	_____
pay respect to	_____	casual	_____	livestock	_____
refer to	_____	origin	_____	share	_____
status	_____	die of	_____	transportation	_____

B 다음 중 밑줄 친 단어가 |보기|의 밑줄 친 단어와 같은 뜻으로 쓰인 것은?

|보기|

History and culture play a role in words' formation.

- ① Kelly likes playing the piano.
- ② In the play, he defeated his enemies.
- ③ I have a chess set. Do you want to play?
- ④ He played in every major tournament this year.
- ⑤ Friends plays an important role in a child's development.

C 다음 괄호 안에서 문맥상 알맞은 것을 고르시오.

1. Many kids die (of / in) hunger in Africa every year.
2. She did her best to (draw / pay) people's attention.
3. Students can refer (to / on) an online dictionary when they find unfamiliar words.
4. We need to (pay / make) respect to people from different cultures.

D 다음 우리말과 같은 뜻이 되도록 빈칸에 알맞은 말을 |보기|에서 골라 쓰시오. 필요하면 어형을 바꾸시오.

|보기|

by nature die of serve as
aware of play a role

1. The livestock on the farm suddenly _____ diseases overnight. (그 농장의 가축들은 밤새 급작스러운 질병으로 죽었다.)
2. These days computers _____ in a lot of areas in our society. (요즘 컴퓨터는 우리 사회의 많은 분야에서 한 몫을 한다.)
3. She is very outgoing _____. (그녀는 선천적으로 매우 활발하다.)
4. Tommy, my old dog, _____ a good friend when I was young. (우리 늙은 개 토미는 내가 어렸을 때 좋은 친구 역할을 해주었다.)
5. I was not fully _____ the danger. (나는 그 위험에 대해 완전히 알아차리지 못했다.)

Vocabulary Master

반: 번호: 이름:

A 다음 표현의 우리말 뜻을 쓰시오.

breeze	_____	scent	_____	rub	_____
gender	_____	man-made	_____	beneficial	_____
tension	_____	sweat	_____	cognitive	_____
participant	_____	depression	_____	fatigue	_____
worsen	_____	expand	_____	absorb	_____
trunk	_____	annual	_____	lock in	_____
trap	_____	dust	_____	pollutant	_____
annoy	_____	flood	_____	stand	_____
tune in	_____	charity	_____	scenery	_____
appealing	_____	threatening	_____	resident	_____
relieve	_____	bond	_____	urban	_____

B 다음 중 |보기|의 밑줄 친 단어와 품사가 같은 것은?

|보기| _____
This can later cause floods and clog waterways.

- ① Nature actually has healing effects.
- ② Water companies filter water in many ways.
- ③ Listen to music live with your friends.
- ④ Ted donated his money to a good cause.
- ⑤ It was that look on your face that made me angry.

C 다음 괄호 안에서 알맞은 것을 고르시오.

1. Trees have a positive impact (by / on) us.
2. Not many participated (in / with) the study.
3. Many studies have shown that deforestation brings (about / out) global warming.

D |보기|에 제시된 단어의 관계와 같도록 빈칸에 들어갈 단어를 A에서 찾아 쓰시오.

|보기| _____
appealing : threatening

recover : _____

E 우리말과 같은 뜻이 되도록 빈칸에 알맞은 말을 |보기|에서 골라 쓰시오.

|보기| _____
on the job take a walk around the clock
in particular defend against cool off

1. The picture invites you to _____ through the woods.
(그 사진을 보면 숲 속을 걷고 싶어진다.)
2. He sometimes takes a nap _____.
(그는 근무 중에 때때로 낮잠을 잔다.)
3. Do you have something _____ that you want to learn about?
(당신은 특별히 배우고 싶은 게 있습니까?)
4. The guards work _____ to keep us safe.
(경비원들은 24시간 동안 우리의 안전을 지키기 위해 일한다.)
5. Let's go swimming and _____.
(수영하러 가서 땀 좀 식히자.)

Vocabulary Master

반: 번호: 이름:

A 다음 표현의 우리말 뜻을 쓰시오.

talented	_____	attraction	_____	interaction	_____
register	_____	autonomy	_____	acrobatic	_____
intangible	_____	fan	_____	percussion	_____
heritage	_____	restriction	_____	wooden	_____
humanity	_____	sore	_____	responsibility	_____
performance	_____	critical	_____	indifference	_____
asset	_____	maintain	_____	passionate	_____
adulthood	_____	consistent	_____	martial art	_____
tightrope	_____	folding	_____	tripod	_____
breathe	_____	strength	_____	witty	_____
instrument	_____	graceful	_____	respectively	_____

B 다음 짝지어진 단어 중 관계가 다른 하나는?

- ① consistent : inconsistent
- ② responsible : irresponsible
- ③ tangible : intangible
- ④ difference : indifference
- ⑤ humanity : inhumanity

C 다음 괄호 안에서 알맞은 것을 고르시오.

1. The lunch consisted (of / in) a sandwich and a glass of water.
2. Teenagers have to (take / get) responsibility for their mistakes.
3. The government should (take / make) the decision to increase healthcare services.
4. Your recipe for chicken soup turned (out / into) to be very successful.
5. Have you ever (go / come) across such a humorous person in all your life?

D 다음 영영 뜻을 읽고 |보기|에서 알맞은 단어를 골라 쓰시오.

|보기|
suspend shift achieve dominate

1. _____: to get something that you wanted after trying to make it happen
2. _____: to have control over something
3. _____: to move from one place to another
4. _____: to attach something so that it hangs down

E 다음 우리말과 같은 뜻이 되도록 빈칸에 알맞은 말을 A에서 골라 쓰시오.

1. Each class has _____ to decide where to go on a picnic. (각 반은 어디로 소풍을 갈지 결정할 수 있는 자율성이 있습니다.)
2. He has a _____ interest in jazz. (그는 재즈 음악에 열정적인 관심을 가지고 있다.)
3. It is important to _____ your current weight through exercise. (운동을 통해 현재 몸무게를 유지하는 것이 중요합니다.)

Vocabulary Master

반: 번호: 이름:

A 다음 표현의 우리말 뜻을 쓰시오.

observe	_____	responsibility	_____	brilliant	_____
muscle	_____	digest	_____	surface tension	_____
competition	_____	physical	_____	peck	_____
invention	_____	perspective	_____	amazing	_____
definitely	_____	count	_____	microscope	_____
loosely	_____	achievement	_____	patent	_____
zoologist	_____	straighten	_____	magnify	_____
fingernail	_____	flake	_____	respect	_____
preparation	_____	chemistry	_____	magnification	_____
adjust	_____	astronomy	_____	experiment	_____
quality	_____	influential	_____	cooperative	_____

B 다음 괄호 안에서 알맞은 것을 고르시오.

1. He was (rewarded / awarded) the Nobel Prize in Physics in 1965.
2. I'm going to (enter / participate) a music competition at school.
3. She saw an ant (patting / crawling) up her leg.
4. Jeju Island is well known (for / to) its beautiful scenery and unique regional traditions.

C 다음 영영 뜻풀이에 맞는 단어를 |보기|에서 골라 쓰시오.

|보기| demanding alter awake extinct

1. _____: to change or make someone or something change
2. _____: not sleeping
3. _____: needing a lot of time, effort, or skill
4. _____: no longer existing

D 다음 우리말과 같은 뜻이 되도록 빈칸에 알맞은 말을 |보기|에서 골라 쓰시오.

|보기| out of focus carry over
in return mess up

1. The photo is badly _____, so I can't figure out who is in the picture.
(그 사진은 초점이 심하게 벗어나서 사진에 누가 있는지 알아볼 수 없었다.)
2. You can cook whatever you want to eat, but don't _____ the kitchen!
(네가 먹고 싶은 것은 무엇이든 요리해도 좋지만, 부엌은 어지르지 마!)
3. I would like to give you this book _____ for your help.
(저는 당신이 도와준 보답으로 이 책을 당신에게 주고 싶습니다.)
4. You should _____ your bicycle right now and put it in the bicycle parking lot.
(너는 당장 네 자전거를 가져가서 자전거 주차장에 두어 야 한다.)

Vocabulary Master

반: 번호: 이름:

A 다음 표현의 우리말 뜻을 쓰시오.

glance	_____	site	_____	mule	_____
remains	_____	custom	_____	wagon	_____
submit	_____	blink	_____	region	_____
customs officer	_____	portable	_____	leftover	_____
civilization	_____	faithfully	_____	iron	_____
for sale	_____	entrance	_____	volcanic	_____
appliance	_____	statue	_____	coal mine	_____
humorous	_____	flood	_____	reservation	_____
diverse	_____	separate	_____	limestone	_____
come to mind	_____	reassemble	_____	spill	_____
scenery	_____	transportation	_____	agriculture	_____
geometric	_____	shot	_____	driver's license	_____

B 다음 괄호 안에서 문맥상 알맞은 것을 고르시오.

- At that moment, a brilliant idea came (across / to) mind.
- Unfortunately, the beach was filled (up / with) trash like plastic bags and bottles.
- She gave birth (about / to) twins last year.
- The street was covered (in / at) snow that had fallen overnight.

C 다음 밑줄 친 단어가 문맥상 어색한 경우 바르게 고치시오.

- The town suffered from drought due to the heavy rain.
⇒ _____
- Mt. Baekdu has been filled with many endangered wild animals and unknown plants.
⇒ _____
- I separated the parts of my broken robot and made it look brand new.
⇒ _____

D |보기|에 주어진 단어의 관계와 같도록 빈칸에 들어갈 단어를 A에서 찾아 쓰시오. 필요한 경우 형태를 바꾸시오.

|보기| apply : appliance

- enter: _____
- transport: _____

E 다음 우리말과 같은 뜻이 되도록 빈칸에 알맞은 말을 |보기|에서 골라 쓰시오.

|보기| despite related to make sure

- The athlete kept running _____ an ankle injury.
(발목 부상에도 불구하고 그 선수는 계속 뛰었다.)
- _____ to lock the door behind you when you go out. (외출할 때 꼭 문을 잠그도록 해.)
- What you eat is directly _____ your health.
(여러분이 먹는 것은 여러분의 건강과 밀접하게 관련되어 있습니다.)

Vocabulary Master

반: 번호: 이름:

A 다음 표현의 우리말 뜻을 쓰시오.

exhibition	_____	barrier	_____	cut in line	_____
collection	_____	considerable	_____	relaxing	_____
stand back	_____	feature	_____	request	_____
contrasting	_____	display	_____	no longer	_____
pursue	_____	conflict	_____	medication	_____
seek	_____	approach	_____	visible	_____
gratitude	_____	line up	_____	manner	_____
capture	_____	rub	_____	depict	_____
distinct	_____	rivalry	_____	insult	_____
motif	_____	flat	_____	worsen	_____
on the spot	_____	stand out	_____	worn-out	_____

B 다음은 어떤 단어의 뜻풀이와 예문이다. 밑줄 친 부분에 공통으로 들어갈 말은?

<뜻>

to describe something in writing or pictures

<예문>

- These books _____ Seoul in the 1960s.
- The reports _____ him as a historical hero.

- ① pursue ② explain ③ depict
④ focus ⑤ interpret

C 밑줄 친 부분과 바꾸어 쓸 수 있는 것은?

A characteristic of this fish is bright yellow dots on its back.

- ① feature ② motif ③ manner
④ advantage ⑤ merit

D 다음 [보기]에서 적절한 단어를 골라 문장을 완성하시오.

[보기]

considerable distinct contrasting worn-out

1. Your behavior will help make _____ progress toward reducing air pollution.
2. Their _____ views on political issues cause them to argue.
3. When I finished the project, I was _____.

E 우리말과 같은 뜻이 되도록 빈칸에 알맞은 말을 골라 쓰시오. 필요시 어형을 바꾸시오.

[보기]

cut in line stand out on the spot line up

1. Susan's writing skill _____ among all the students. (수잔의 글쓰기 실력은 다른 학생들 사이에서 두드러진다.)
2. At the moment, I saw a girl wearing a red hat _____ and was upset. (그때 나는 빨간 모자를 쓴 여자아이가 새치기 하는 것은 보았고 기분이 나빴다.)
3. He saw the beautiful painting and wanted to buy the work _____. (그는 아름다운 그림을 보았고 그 작품을 즉석에서 구매하고 싶어했다.)

Vocabulary Master

반: 번호: 이름:

A 다음 표현의 우리말 뜻을 쓰시오.

suppose	_____	electronics	_____	laptop	_____
reasonable	_____	after all	_____	essential	_____
saving	_____	inconvenience	_____	relative	_____
deceive	_____	financially	_____	consistent	_____
box office	_____	loss	_____	deposit	_____
separate	_____	be willing to	_____	illustrate	_____
attach	_____	habit	_____	be tempted to	_____
label	_____	bank account	_____	unreasonable	_____
come around	_____	hard-earned	_____	run out	_____
allowance	_____	in advance	_____	unrealistic	_____
every other	_____	school supplies	_____	prospect	_____

B 다음 영영 뜻풀이가 가리키는 단어는?

to pretend something is true

- ① deposit ② suppose ③ value
④ deceive ⑤ label

C 다음과 같이 "un-"을 이용해 부정어를 만들 수 있는 것은?

un- + realistic = unrealistic

- ① convenient ② consistent ③ separate
④ relative ⑤ reasonable

D 다음 |보기|에서 알맞은 단어를 골라 문장을 완성하십시오.

|보기| break fall make take

- To _____ the habit of staying up late, the family decided not to turn on the TV.
- _____ every chance to try something new, and you'll live to the fullest.

- People easily _____ into the trap of talking about someone else behind their back.
- When you _____ a promise to yourself, how hard do you try to keep it?

E 다음 우리말과 같은 뜻이 되도록 빈칸에 알맞은 말을 |보기|에서 골라 쓰시오.

|보기| in advance every other
be willing to after all

- When you reserve tickets for a concert, you might be asked to pay in advance _____.
(콘서트를 예약할 때 돈을 먼저 내야 할 수도 있다.)
- Don't be afraid to make mistakes. We're only human _____.
(실수를 두려워 하지 마라. 우리는 결국 사람일 뿐이니까.)
- How long would you _____ wait in a line to get the newest electronics?
(최신 전자 제품을 사려고 얼마나 줄 서서 기다릴 수 있나요?)
- Get a health check-up in _____ year to make sure you stay healthy.
(건강을 유지하려면 2년에 한번은 건강 검진을 받아라.)