Unit 1

01 다음 대화의 빈칸에 알맞지 않은 것은?

Α	What	are	you	planning	to	do	this	year	
В									

- ① I'm going to exercise every weekend.
- ② I'm planning to join the English conversation club.
- ③ Well, I haven't thought about it yet.
- 4 Well, I'm doing volunteer work now.
- ⑤ I'm thinking of writing a screenplay.

02 다음 빈칸에 알맞은 단어는?

Yesterday a brave fireman	a boy from
the fire at the building across the	street.

- ① smiled
- ② reminded
- ③ rescued
- 4 barked
- ⑤ survived

03 다음 빈칸에 알맞은 말끼리 바르게 짝지어진 것은?

•	I should	n't eat junk	food	,	'	cookies	and
	chips.						
•	Smiling	increases	the	level	of	the	good
	hormones	S		, smili	ng 1	makes	your
	immune	system stro	nger.				

- ① in short On the other hand
- ② in fact Believe it or not
- 3 no matter what happens All the time
- ④ such as − In other words
- ⑤ like On the other hand

04 다음 괄호 안의 단어를 이용하여 문장을 완성하시오.

- (1) My father _____ a large tip after the lunch yesterday. (leave)
- (2) The waitress saw a poor man and ______ part of the tip to the man last night. (give)

[05-06] 다음 대화를 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.

Tom	What are your plans for this year, Sena?
Sena	Well I'm thinking of a movie
	using my smartphone.
Tom	Wow, that's a great idea.
Robert	Hi, Tom. How have you been?
Tom	Hi, Robert. Fine, thanks. This is my
	classmate, Sena. Sena, this is my friend,
	Robert.
Robert	Nice to meet you.
Sena	Nice to meet you, too.
Robert	What are you talking about?
Sena	We're talking about my plans. I'm going to
	make a movie using my smartphone.
Robert	Sounds good.

05 다음 중 이 대화의 빈칸에 알맞은 것은?

- ① made
- 2 make
- 3 making

- 4 to make
- 5 to making

06 다음 중 이 대화의 내용과 일치하는 것은?

- ① Robert and Sena are classmates.
- 2 Tom introduces his classmate to his friend.
- 3 Tom met Robert for the first time.
- 4 The three students are talking on the phone.
- ⑤ Robert is going to help Sena make a movie.

[07-09] 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.

_____, the poor man saw a dog.

It was lying on the cold street.

He a took the animal home to make it warm.

The dog ⓑ fell asleep, as it thought of an old farm.

That night the house © <u>fall down</u> after an earthquake.

Everybody was trapped in the house.

But the dog knew what to do and did not shake.

It @ <u>barked</u> until the rescue team came into the house.

One of the boys who survived

@ Grew up to win an Olympic gold medal.

07 다음 괄호 안의 바르게 표현을 이용하여 이 글의 빈칸에 알맞은 표현을 완성하시오.

_____, he poor man saw a dog. (his room, the, on, to, way)

08 이 글의 밑줄 친 @~@ 중에서 어법상 <u>어색한</u> 것을 끌라 바르게 고쳐 쓰시오.

09 다음 중 이 글을 읽고 대답할 수 없는 질문은?

- ① Who took the dog home?
- 2) What made the house fall down?
- 3 What did the boy do when he grew up?
- ④ What did the dog do to help people in the earthquake?
- (5) How many people were rescued from the house?

[10-12] 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.

People usually say "Smile!" when they have their picture taken. (①) Why is that? Of course, a smile shows someone you are happy. But that is not the only reason people smile.
(②) In fact, there are many benefits to

(②) In fact, there are many benefits to smiling, and some of ⓐ them may surprise you.

(③) They want to learn why someone is smiling. Did he just hear a good joke? Did she just see something beautiful? People want to find out. A smile, in short, pulls people together. (④) On the other hand, a frown does the opposite. People might think the person is angry, sad, or confused. They won't want to get involved with him or her. In this way, a frown pushes people away. (⑤)

10 이 글의 밑줄 친 @ them이 가리키는 것을 본문에서 찾아 쓰시오.

11 이 글의 ①~⑤ 중 다음 문장이 들어가기에 알맞 은 곳은?

First of all, smiling attracts people.

12. 다음 중 이 글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

- ① 사람들은 사진을 찍을 때 보통 "Smile!"이라고 말한다.
- ② 웃음에는 많은 혜택들이 있다.
- ③ 웃음은 사람들을 끌어들인다.
- ④ 누군가 얼굴을 찡그리면 사람들은 그 이유를 궁금해한다.
- ⑤ 찡그림은 다른 사람들을 밀어낸다.

형 / 성 / 평 / 가

01. 4 02. 3 03. 4 04. (1) left (2) gave 05. 3 06. 2 07. On the way to his room 08. c fall down \rightarrow fell down 09. 5 10. (many / the) benefits 11. 3 12. 4

01 다음 대화의 빈칸에 알맞지 않은 것은?

A ______B I had an argument with my father.

- ① Why the long face?
- 2 What's the matter with you?
- 3 What's wrong?
- 4 Why do you look upset?
- (5) Why don't you calm down?

02 다음 중 상자 속 단어들의 관계와 다른 것은?

honest: honestly

- ① final finally
- 2 friend friendly
- ③ traditional traditionally
- 4 happy happily
- 5 professional professionally

03 다음 빈칸에 알맞은 것은?

_____ in front of a mirror would be helpful to make a great presentation.

- ① Practice
- ② The practice
- ③ Practicing
- 4 To practicing
- 5 The practicing

04 다음 고민에 알맞은 충고를 주어진 상자에서 고르시오.

- (1) I read comic books all the time.
- (2) My friend didn't keep her promise. I hate her.
- (3) My brother is always making noise. I can't focus on my studies.
- a See it from her point of view. It could be just a misunderstanding.
- (b) You should find a more meaningful hobby.
- © Why don't you go to the nearby library? There will be quiet.

[05-07] 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.

Ms.	Lee: You have the right to choose your
	own career. (①) However, @ keeping
	a good relationship with your parents are
	also important. (2) See (b)
	others agree that you are talented. (③)
	Second, © you turn out to
	be talented, ask yourself, (④) "What
	does it take to be a singer? What is
	the toughest part of being a singer?"
	(⑤)

05 이 글의 밑줄 친 @에서 어법상 <u>어색한</u> 부분을 찾아 바르게 고쳐 쓰시오.

06 다음 중 이 글의 빈칸 ⓑ와 ⓒ에 공통으로 알맞은 단어는?

- ① if
- ② that
- ③ whether

- 4 where
- (5) **w**hen

07 이 글의 ①~⑤ 중 다음 문장이 들어가기에 알맞은 곳은?

First, I recommend auditioning.

[08-09] 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.

Aria: I was talking with a friend in the playground a few weeks ago.

ⓐ Suddenly, I felt a familiar vibration in my jacket pocket. I ⓑ thought a new text message had arrived. I reached into my pocket, but the phone wasn't there. I ⓒ had left it at home! I experienced "phantom phone syndrome" for the first time! My phone is ⓓ very much a part of me that I feel its presence ⓔ even when I don't have it with me.

08 이 글의 ⓐ~⑥ 중에서 어법상 <u>어색한</u> 것을 골라 바르게 고쳐 쓰시오.

09 What is "phantom phone syndrome" Write the answer in Korean.

[10-12] 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.

Toby: I am 15, and I have loved pop music for many years. That is a ______ I want to become a pop singer. However, my parents don't like the idea. They want me to become something more traditional, b like a teacher. I know becoming a star isn't easy, but my friends tell me I am talented. Most importantly, I feel happy when I sing. How can I persuade my parents to support me?

10 다음 중 이 글의 빈칸 @에 알맞은 단어는?

- ① because
- ② why
- 3 which
- 4 what
- (5) where

11 다음 중 이 글의 밑줄 친 ⓑ <u>like</u>와 의미가 같은 것은?

- ① I like sleeping late on weekends.
- ② You can choose the T-shirt whatever you like.
- ③ I don't <u>like</u> asking you for help.
- ④ I used to read mystery novels <u>like</u> Sherlock Holmes.
- ⑤ What is he like?

12 다음 중 Toby가 가수가 되고 싶어하는 이유를 모두 고르시오.

- ① Because he has loved pop music for many years.
- 2 Because he hates to be a teacher.
- 3 Because he doesn't want to follow his parents' wish.
- 4 Because he feels happy when he sings.
- ⑤ Because he wants to support his parents.

형 / 성 / 평 / 가

01. ⑤ 02. ② 03. ③ 04. (1) ⑥ (2) ⓐ (3) ⓒ 05. are -> is 06. ① 07. ② 08. ⓓ very much -> so much 09. 휴대전화가 없음에도 휴대전화의 진동을 느끼는 것 [휴대전화가 없음에도 있는 것처럼 느끼는 것] 10. ② 11. ④ 12. ①, ④

형/성/평/가

Unit 3

	01	다음	중	사람을	나타내는	단어가	아닌	것은?
--	----	----	---	-----	------	-----	----	-----

- ① laughter
- ② painter
- 3 driver
- 4 worker
- ⑤ street performer

02 다음 대화의 빈칸에 알맞은 것은?

- A What are you doing?
- **B** I'm listening to music. ___
- A Of course. I have many of his albums.
- B Oh, really? I didn't know you were interested in his music.
- ① What do you think of Isao Sasaki?
- 2 Have you heard of Isao Sasaki?
- 3 Why do you like Isao Sasaki?
- 4 Who is Isao Sasaki?
- ⑤ What happened to Isao Sasaki?

03 자연스러운 대화가 되도록 다음을 순서대로 배열하시오.

<u>1</u> Sunny, have you seen the movie, <i>The</i>
Lion King?
I liked it, too. But I think watching
movies in the theater is better than
watching them on TV.
What do you think of it?
It was fun, and the music was really
nice.
Yes. I saw it on TV a while back.
6 I agree with you. But going to the
movie theater is so expensive

04 다음 빈칸에 알맞은 것은?

Well, artist Ben Wilson, _____ lives in London, has found a cool solution.

- ① which
- ② who
- ③ that

- 4 what
- (5) whose

[05-06] 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.

a <u>little dirty</u>. Tissues, candy wrappers, and empty cans – it is easy to pick these up and throw b them away. But what about gum? It sticks to the ground, and sometimes to your shoe. What can we do about it?

05 이 글의 밑줄 친 @에서 어법상 <u>어색한</u> 부분을 찾아 바르게 고쳐 쓰시오.

06 이 글에서 밑줄 친 ⓑ가 가리키는 것을 찾아 쓰시오.

[07-09] 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.

When artist Ben Wilson finds a good piece of gum, he lies on the ground and begins his art. He has painted thousands of pieces of gum. He started his gum art because he hated finding chewing gum on sidewalks.

Mr. Wilson's art is beautiful. He paints almost anything: pictures of animals and messages of love, for example. His art doesn't

a ______ forever. Over time, it slowly disappears because of rain water and footsteps. Mr. Wilson doesn't mind, though. "Everything changes," he says. "b ______'s important is creative process."

07 이 글의 흐름상 빈칸 @에 알맞은 것은?

- ① drop
- ② last
- 3 paint
- 4 disappear
- ⑤ change

[10-12] 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.

Throughout the year, lots of living statues

a line the street in imaginative costumes. Some stand perfectly still; b others perform wildly and draw large crowds. (1) Las Ramblas encourages everyone bave fun on the street.

(2) One performer says, "Performing for people for a long time is difficult. (3) But it's really nice to see them smile." (4) So, people can enjoy their time in a car-free environment. (5)

10 이 글의 ①~⑤ 중 다음 문장이 들어가기에 알맞 은 곳은?

Cars are not allowed to travel along the street.

08 이 글의 빈칸 🕑에 알맞은 관계대명사를 쓰시오.

11 이 글의 밑줄 친 ⓐ~⑥ 중에서 어법상 어색한 것을 골라 바르게 고쳐 쓰시오.

09 다음 중 이 글이 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

- ① Wilson은 껌 위에 그림을 그리는 예술가이다.
- ② Wilson은 껌을 조심스럽게 떼어내서 그림을 그린다.
- ③ Wilson은 다양한 종류의 그림을 그린다.
- ④ Wilson의 예술 작품은 서서히 사라진다.
- ⑤ Wilson은 창조적인 과정이 중요하다고 생각한다.

12 이 글에서 다음 영영풀이에 알맞은 명사를 찾아 단수형태로 쓰시오.

a large group of people who have gathered together

형 / 성 / 평 / 가

01. ① 02. ② 03. 5-3-4-2 04. ③ 05. is \rightarrow are $\stackrel{\Xi}{\hookrightarrow}$ cities \rightarrow city 06. tissues, candy wrappers, and empty cans 07. ② 08. What 09. ② 10. ④ 11. © have fun \rightarrow have fun 12. crowd

형/성/평/가

Unit 4

01 다음 대화의 빈칸에 알맞은 것은?

B I'm interested in taking pictures. How about you?

- **A** I like surfing the Internet.
- ① What's the matter?
- 2 How are you doing?
- 3 What are you talking about?
- 4 What are you interested in?
- ⑤ What do you do last weekend?

02 자연스러운 대화가 되도록 다음을 순서대로 배열 하시오.

- 1 Jack, are you free this weekend? How about going to the movies with me?
- Volunteer work. I take care of injured animals every weekend.
- The animal shelter? What do you do there?
- Wow. I didn't know you were interested in volunteer work. Can I come with you?
- I'd like to, but I can't. I'm going to the animal shelter this weekend.
- 6 Of course.

03 우리말과 같은 뜻이 되도록 괄호 안의 표현을 바리게 배열하여 대화를 완성하시오.

- A Penguins look so cute when they walk.
- B Yes. 그것들은 귀여울 뿐만 아니라 놀랍기도 जी. (cute, they, not only, amazing, are, but also)

04 다음 대화의 빈칸에 알맞지 않은 것은?

- A Minju, what are you looking at?
- **B** I'm looking at pictures of my new pet.
- A Your new pet? Is it a dog or a cat?
- **B** Ta-da. It's a spider.
- _____ I didn't know you liked spiders.
- ① That's right.
- ② That's amazing.
- 3 That's surprising.
- That's unbelievable.
- (5) That's hard to believe.

05 다음 빈칸에 알맞은 말끼리 바르게 짝지어진 것은?

- I sometimes take care my little sister. · The baby was so young that she couldn't feed ____ her own.
- ① of at 2 of on 3 on off
- ④ for ─ off ⑤ in ─ at

[6~8] 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.

(a) An African sayanna elephant was alone in a swamp in Kenya. He was eating grass when a stranger arrived. ⓑ The stranger was not a member of his own species. He was © a forest elephant. Forest elephants are smaller and have more rounded ears savanna elephants. The forest elephant didn't look well. @ He had caught his trunk in a trap. When he tried to free himself from the trap, @ he injured himself and couldn't feed on his own.

06 이 글의 밑줄 친 @~@ 중에서 가리키는 대상이 나머지와 다른 하나는?

07 이 글의 빈칸에 알맞은 말을 쓰시오.

08 다음 중 이 글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

- ① 아프리카코끼리가 풀을 먹을 때 낯선 코끼리가 나타났다
- ② 낯선 코끼리는 아프리카코끼리와 같은 무리가 아니었다.
- ③ 숲 코끼리(둥근귀코끼리)는 아프리카코끼리 보다 덩치가 작고 귀가 더 둥글다.
- ④ 둥근귀코끼리는 구덩이에서 넘어져서 코를 다쳤다.
- ⑤ 둥근귀코끼리는 스스로 먹이를 먹을 수 없었다.

[9~10] 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.

The injured elephant walked up and stuck his trunk into the healthy elephant's mouth. The savanna elephant understood @ (the forest elephant, what, wanted). Elephants often help members of their own (b) , but show no interest in others. This savanna elephant didn't care that they weren't related. He reached down, uprooted a small tree, and stuffed it into his new friend's mouth. Thanks to the savanna elephant, the forest elephant could eat.

09 괄호 안에 주어진 표현을 바르게 배열하여 빈칸 @에 알맞은 말을 쓰시오.

10 다음 중 이 글의 흐름상 빈칸 💩에 알맞은 것은?

- ① pouch
- 2 hand 3 herd
- 4 trunk
- (5) trap

[11~12] 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.

Later that day, Allan saw Rex trying to tell her something. (①) She followed the dog thinking that Rex had found a snake. (2) Rex had found a four-month-old kangaroo in the mother's pouch. (3) Rex gently took him out of the pouch and carried him to Allan.

(4) Rex was so nice to the little kangaroo that he had no fear of his much bigger rescuer. (⑤) The kangaroo jumped up to Rex, who began to sniff and lick him. The kangaroo was named Rex. Jr.

11 이 글의 ①~⑤ 중 다음 문장이 들어가기에 알맞 은 곳은?

To her surprise, however, Rex dropped a baby kangaroo at her feet.

12 이 글에서 다음 영영풀이에 알맞은 단어를 찾아 쓰시오.

breathe in air through your nose hard enough to make a sound

13 Why didn't the little kangaroo have no fear of Rex? Write the answer in English.

형 / 성 / 평 / 가

- 01. ④ 02. 4-3-5-2 03. They are not only cute, but also amazing. 04. ① 05. ② 06. @
- 07. than 08. 4 09. what the forest elephant wanted 10. 3 11. 2 12, sniff
- 13. Because[Since] Rex was so nice to him.

Unit 5

01 다음 중 단어의 구성 방법이 나머지와 다른 것은?

- 1 book shelf
- 2 greenhouse gas
- ③ perfect score
- 4 computer monitor
- ⑤ bike station

02 다음 대화의 빈칸에 알맞은 것은?

- Anne, what topic did you choose for the science report? В I'm going to write about endangered animals. I got my ideas from a science magazine. Really? Α actually haven't decided on a topic yet. Sure. I hope it'll be helpful.
- ① Are you going to buy the magazine?
- ② Can I borrow your magazine?
- 3 Why don't you borrow the magazine?
- 4 What happened to the animals?
- ⑤ When did you buy the magazine?

03 괄호 안의 표현을 바르게 배열하여 다음 대화를 완성하시오.

By whom was Romeo and Juliet written? В (William Shakespeare, was, it, by, written)

04 다음 빈칸에 알맞은 말끼리 바르게 짝지어진 것은?

- The temperature went up $__$ 35°C.
- The campaign is helping everyone go a daily basis. green
- ① at to ② for on ③ at for
- 4 to up 5 to on

[5-6] 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.

At a restaurant, a soft drink almost always comes with a straw. A typical straw is made of plastic, so it has a harmful effect on the environment. You may say, "Well, it's a small piece of plastic. It doesn't really harm the planet." However, have you ever wondered how many straws are used each day? In the United States alone, about 500 million straws used and thrown away daily. The problem sounds more serious now, doesn't it?

05 다음 중 이 글에서 연상되는 속담으로 알맞지 않은 것은?

- ① Every penny counts.
- ② A picture is worth a thousand words.
- 3 Many a little makes a mickle.
- 4 Little drops of water make the mighty ocean.
- (5) Many drops make shower.

06 이 글의 밑줄 친 문장에서 어법상 어색한 부분을 찾아 바르게 고쳐 쓰시오.

07 다음 글의 빈칸에 각각 알맞은 단어를 쓰시오.

_____ In fact, about 18 percent of greenhouse gases come from livestock such _____ cows, pigs, and sheep. This is more than all the world's cars produce. This means that every meat consumer is partly responsible for global warming!

[8-9] 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.

In class, you may share a book with your classmate. (①) The principle is simple.
(②) Bikes are parked at bike stations around the city. (③) If you need transportation, you can borrow a bike at a station, ride it, and later return it to any other station. (④) Although you have to pay a small fee, bike sharing plays an important role in _____ the environment clean. (⑤)

08 이 글의 ①~⑤ 중 다음 문장이 들어가기에 알맞은 곳은?

But how can you share a bike?

09 이 글의 빈칸에 알맞은 것은?

- ① keep
- 2 to keep
- 3 keeping
- 4 being keeping
- (5) kept

[10-12] 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.

Now, Hangzhou has one of the best bike—sharing programs in the world. City officials are happy that the program helps cut down the amount of CO₂ in the area by about 35,000 tons a year. One young participant says, "I ⓐ _____ the bus to school, but it took a long time and was expensive. Now, thanks to the bike—sharing program, I pedal to school and back home. It's a great way to get around and exercise. Plus,
⑤ I'm part of the green movement."

10 이 글의 빈칸 @에 알맞은 것은?

- 1 used in take
- 2 used to taking
- 3 am used to take
- 4 am used to taking
- ⑤ used to take

11 이 글의 밑줄 친 💩의 의미로 알맞은 것은?

- ① 나는 지구가 움직인다는 것을 안다.
- ② 나는 환경 운동에 별로 관심이 없다.
- ③ 나는 지구 환경의 일부분이다.
- ④ 나는 환경 보호를 하고 있다.
- ⑤ 나는 초록색을 좋아한다.

12 According to the above passage, why are the city officials in Hangzhou happy with the bike—sharing program? Write the answer in Korean.

형 / 성 / 평 / 가

01. ③ 02. ② 03. It was written by William Shakespeare. 04. ⑤ 05. ② 06. used → are used 07. In, as 08. ① 09. ③ 10. ⑤ 11. ④ 12. 그 프로그램이 그 지역의 이산화탄소 양을 일년에 약 35,000 톤 정도 줄이는 데 도움을 주기 때문이다.

Unit 6

01 다음 중 단어의 우리말 뜻풀이가 바르지 않은 것은?

① roast: (고기를) 굽다

② stir-fry: 볶다

③ bake: (빵 등을) 굽다

④ drip: (액체에) 살짝 담그다

⑤ boil: 끓이다

02 다음 대화의 흐름에 맞도록 괄호 안의 표현들을 바르게 배열하시오.

A	Which do you prefer, taking the stairs	or
	the elevator?	
В	I prefer	_•
	(the stairs, to, the elevator, taking)	
A	Why?	
В	Because the elevator brings me to the t	ор

03 다음 대화의 빈칸에 알맞은 것을 모두 고르시오.

Α Yes, please, Orhan. I heard that the word "yogurt" comes from Turkish..

- A Right. Turkish people have yogurt almost every day. We put yogurt into chicken and beef to soften them.
- B Oh, really? I'd like to try Turkish chicken.
- ① What are you eating?

of the building quickly.

- 2 How can I make vogurt?
- 3 Please try some yogurt.
- 4 Would you like some yogurt?
- (5) Which do you prefer, the yogurt or the pudding?

04 다음 중 아래의 글을 읽고 알 수 없는 것은?

Hi, I am Michelle. Let me introduce cheese fondue. It is a Swiss food. We melt some cheese and dip bread or vegetables into the warm cheese. It is really delicious. I hope you try it later.

- ① 음식의 이름은 무엇인가?
- ② 어느 나라의 음식인가?
- ③ 무엇을 치즈에 찍어 먹는가?
- ④ 치즈를 어떻게 녹이는가?
- ⑤ 누가 이 음식을 소개하고 있는가?

05 다음 빈칸에 알맞은 말끼리 바르게 짝지어진 것은?

•	The	se	are u	sually	speci	al	dishes	that
	you	ate	e		you	W	ere a k	id.
•	Now,	, le	t's me	et thr	ee peo	ple		
	live	in	Seoul	and	listen	to	their	food
	stori	es.						

- ① if which
- ② when who
- 3 which when 4 which who
- ⑤ when which

06 다음 괄호 안에서 알맞은 것을 고르시오.

- (1) I (used to / hurry to) make soybean paste when I lived with my grandmother.
- (2) When you feel stressed, you easily (turn to / turn out) these comfort foods.

[07-09] 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.

Hello. I am Jesse, and I am from the U.S.A. I came to Korea to play on a Korean basketball team. I enjoy eating spicy Korean food such as gimchi. (1) When I am under pressure, however, I usually go home and cook chicken soup. When I was little, I often caught a cold on chilly days. (2) My dad always gave me a bowl of chicken soup. His chicken soup contained chicken. carrots. onions. sometimes macaroni. He cooked it for hours a the chicken was soft. (3) When I finished it, I felt like going out and playing. (④) ⓑ In Korea, I can buy everything I need for the soup, but something is missing: my dad! (⑤)

[10~12] 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.

a When people cook and share food, they also share a part of their lives. Food contains the tastes, smells, and memories of times **b** spend with friends and family. _____, we connect certain foods © with being comfortable. That is @ why we eat hearty foods @ as much as healthy foods.

10 이 글의 밑줄 친 @~@ 중에서 어법상 어색한 것을 골라 바르게 고쳐 쓰시오.

07 이 글의 ①~⑤ 중 다음 문장이 들어가기에 알맞은 곳은?

As soon as I smelled it, I already felt better.

08 다음 중 이글의 빈칸 @에 알맞은 것은?

- ① if
- ② until
- (3) which
- (4) although
- ⑤ as soon as

11 이 글의 흐름상 빈칸에 알맞은 것은?

- ① Though
- ② However
- ③ Therefore
- 4 Because
- ⑤ On the other hand

09 이 글의 밑줄 친 ⓑ가 의미하는 바로 알맞은 것은?

- ① I can't make chicken soup in Korea.
- ② I can't buy things for the chicken soup in Korea.
- ③ I miss chicken soup more than anything.
- 4 I don't remember what my dad cooked for me.
- ⑤ I really miss my dad who cooked for me.

12 이 글에서 다음 빈칸에 공통으로 알맞은 명사를 찾아 단수 형태로 쓰시오.

	i	s one	of t	he fi	ve sei	nses	that
people	have.	When	you	have	food	or	drink
in your	moutl	ı, your	sens	se of		ł	nelps
you red	cognize	what	it is.				

형 / 성 / 평 / 가

01. 4 02. taking the elevator to the stairs 03. 3, 4 04. 4 05. 2 06. (1) used to (2) turn to 07. 3 08. 2 09. 5 10. b spend \rightarrow spent 11. 3 12. T[t]aste

형/성/평/가

Unit 7

01 다음 밑줄 친 단어의 사용이 바르지 않은 것은?

- ① The movie was exciting.
- 2 His speech was interesting.
- 3 I was surprised at the news.
- 4 The lecture was really bored.
- ⑤ People were amazed by her song.

02 다음 대화의 빈칸에 알맞지 않은 것을 모두 고르시오.

- **A** Jina, I heard you had a fight with Subin. Why did you fight?
- **B** She wanted to use my ID and password to search for information on the Internet, but I wouldn't let her.
- **A** But she's your best friend! I think it's okay for my friends to use my ID and password.
- B ______ Although she's my best friend, I should still protect my personal information.
- ① Same here.
- 2 I don't think so.
- ③ I disagree.
- 4 You can say that again.
- (5) That's a good idea.

03 자연스러운 대화가 되도록 다음을 순서대로 배열 하시오.

	1	What are you doing with your computer
		Ryan?
		Oh, I used one once. It was very fast
		and convenient.
		No. I keep in touch with him on a social
		networking site.
		I'm leaving a message for my friend who
		lives abroad.
		Are you e-mailing him?
	6	I agree with you. It feels like he never
ı		left

04 다음 빈칸에 알맞은 말끼리 바르게 짝지어진 것은?

• to cyberbullies and	tell	him					
to stop.							
• Modern technology occasionally							
something dangerous							

- ① Turn into suffers from
- 2 Stand up turns into
- 3 Suffer from cheats on
- 4 Cheat on makes fun of
- ⑤ Make up pass along

05 다음 괄호 안에서 알맞은 것을 고르시오.

- (1) If you (were / had been) in his shoes, you wouldn't act like that.
- (2) If I (had / had had) enough money, I would travel all over the world.

[06~07] 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.

What would life be like if there were no
computers or cell phones? A typical teen would
find @ it very difficult to live without modern
technology. Teens use modern technology on a
daily basis to engage in all kinds of activities,
and they are now using computers or cell
phones for ⓑ longer than they did
before. Technology leads to new opportunities
for teens to interact, opening the door to
positive experiences like forming social
networks and studying in cyberspace.

06 이 글의 밑줄 친 @ <u>it</u>이 가리키는 것을 우리말 로 쓰시오.

07 이 글의 빈칸 ⓑ에 알맞지 않은 것은?

1 much 2 very 3 still 4 even 5 a lot

[08~10] 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.

Usually I am not a bad boy, but I turned into a cyberbully without know it. It all started with one photo of Charlie, the brightest student in my class. Earlier this year, I saw a photo on the Internet. (①) In the photo, Charlie was beating a dog with a stick. (②) I posted the image on my blog just for fun. (③) The next day, I learned that it was just a combination of different photos. (④) Other kids had uploaded the image to lots of places, too, and Charlie really suffered because of it. (⑤) I realized that I could be a cyberbully not just by making up stories or photos, but by spreading them. Cyberbullying is not a game.

08 이 글의 ①~⑤ 중 다음 문장이 들어가기에 알맞 은 곳은?

It was too late, however.

09 이 글의 밑줄 친 <u>know</u>를 어법에 알맞는 형태로 고쳐 쓰시오.

10 다음 중 이 글의 내용과 일치하는 것은?

- ① Charlie는 의도하지 않게 사이버불리가 되었다.
- ② Charlie가 나온 사진은 서로 다른 사진의 합성이었다.
- ③ Harry는 개를 때리는 사진으로 인해 정말 고통받았다.
- ④ Harry는 반에서 가장 똑똑한 학생이었다.
- ⑤ Charlie는 장난으로 블로그에 Harry의 사진을 올렸다.

[11~12] 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.

A few months ago, someone posted an unfounded story about me on the Internet. In the story, someone said I cheated on a math test to get an A. Perhaps the person posted the story just for fun. However, the story spread quickly throughout the school, and many people thought I was a cheater. I felt _____. Fortunately, I could prove my innocence. But I feel upset because it is still a mystery who started the rumor.

11 이 글의 빈칸에 알맞은 것은?

- ① hopeful and excited
- 2 depressed and delighted
- ③ embarrassed and helpless
- 4) relieved and relaxed
- ⑤ regretful and bored

12 이 글에서 다음 영영풀이에 해당하는 명사를 찾아 쓰시오.

something that is not understood or known about

형 / 성 / 평 / 가

01. ④ 02. ②, ③ 03. 5-4-2-3 04. ② 05. (1) were (2) had 06. 현대의 과학(기술) 없이 사는 것 07. ② 08. ④ 09. knowing 10. ② 11 ③ 12. mystery